## सुभाषितानि subhāṣitāni THIRD SET

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खलः सर्षपमात्राणि परछिद्राणि पश्यति ।

आत्मनो बिल्वमात्राणि पश्यन्नपि न पश्यति ॥ १ khalaḥ sarṣapa-mātrāṇi parachidrāṇi paśyati । ātmano bilva-mātrāṇi paśyannapi na paśyati । 1

The wicked see and exaggerate the small shortcomings of others and, not seeing their own large mistakes, and ignore them.

खलः khalaḥ = wicked, सर्षप sarṣapa = mustard seed, मात्राणि mātrāṇi = measure, size, पर छिद्राणि para chidrāṇi = (holes) defects of others, पश्यित paśyati = sees, notices, आत्मनो ātmano (आत्मनः ātmanaḥ) = of self, of own, बिल्व मात्राणि bilva mātrāṇi = size of a bilva leaf, large compared with a mustard seed, पश्यन् paśyan = seeing, अपि api = also, न पश्यित paśyati = does not see.

यो ध्रुवाणि परित्यज्य अध्रुवं परिसेवते। ध्रुवाणि तस्य नश्यन्ति अध्रुवं नष्टमेव च॥ २

yo dhruvāṇi parityajya adhruvam parisevate| dhruvāṇi tasya naśyanti adhruvam naṣṭameva ca|| 2

Who, abandoning stable and permanent values of life, and accepting values for temporary gain thereby loses permanent values and temporary values are inherently loss in themselves.

यो yo (यः yaḥ) = who, ध्रुवाणि dhruvāṇi = permanent, stable values, पित्यज्य parityajya = having completely abandoned, अध्रुवं adhruvaṁ = impermanent, unstable values giving temporary gain, पिरसेवते parisevate = completely serving, accepting, ध्रुवाणि dhruvāṇi = stable values, तस्य tasya = his, नश्यन्ति naśyanti = are destroyed, lost, अध्रुवं adhruvaṁ = impermanent, temporary, नष्टम् naṣṭam = loss, एव eva = verily, च ca = and. 2

काव्य शास्त्र विनोदेन कालो गच्छति धीमताम्। व्यसनेन च मूर्खाणां निद्रया कलहेन वा॥ ३ kāvya śāstra vinodena kālo gacchati dhīmatām। vyasanena ca mūrkhāṇāṁ nidrayā kalahena vā ॥ 3

The wise spend their time with poetry and study of scriptures and the foolish with addiction to bad habits, sleeping or quarrelling.

काव्य kāvya = poetry, शास्त्र śāstra = scriptures, विनोदेन vinodena = by amusement (being amused), कालो kālo (काल kālaḥ) = time, गच्छिति gacchati = goes (is spent), धीमताम् dhīmatām = the wise, व्यसनेन vyasanena = by addiction (to bad habits), च ca - and, मूर्खाणां mūrkhāṇāṁ = of foolish people, निद्रया nidrayā = by sleep, कलहेन kalahena = by quarrelling, वा vā = or.

बोधयन्ति न याचन्ते बिक्षांद्वारा गृहे गृहे। दीयतां दीयतां नित्यम् अदातुः फलमीदृशम्॥ ४

## bodhayanti na yācante bikṣāndvārā gṛhe gṛhe dīyatām dīyatām nityam adātuḥ phalamīdṛśam | | 4

The beggars teach us rather than begging; give and share willingly. The fate a selfish and non giver might be like a beggar, beggary.

बोधयन्ति bodhayanti = teach, न na = not, याचन्ते yācante = beg (pl.),
बिक्षांद्वारा bikṣāndvārā = through begging, गृहे गृहे Igṛhe gṛhe = from house to house, दीयतां दीयतां dīyatām dīyatām = please give please give, नित्यम् nityam = always, अदातुः adātuḥ = of the non giver, फलम् phalam = result, fate, ईदराम् īdṛśam = (looking) like this, like me a beggar.

उद्यमः साहसं धेर्यं बुद्धिः शक्तिः पराक्रमः। षडेते यत्र वर्तन्ते तत्र देवं सहायकृत्॥ ५

udyamaḥ sāhasam dhairyam buddhiḥ śaktiḥ parākramaḥ saḍete yatra vartante tatra daivam sahāyakṛt | | 5

Effort, boldness, steadiness, intellect, strength and sense of adventure there, where these virtues are present, there the divine help is extended.

उद्यमः udyamaḥ = effort, साहसं sāhasam = boldness, daring, धेर्यं dhairyam = steadiness, बुद्धिः buddhiḥ = intellect, शक्तिः śaktiḥ = strength, पराक्रमः parākramaḥ = sense of adventure, षड् एते ṣaḍ ete = these six, यत्र yatra = where, वर्तन्ते vartante = are present, तत्र tatra =

there, देवं daivam = divine, सहायकृत् sahāyakṛt = divine intervention does, divine extends help.

## मनस्यन्यत् वचस्यन्यत् कर्मण्यन्यत् द्वरात्मनाम् । मनस्येकं वचस्येकं कर्मण्येकं महात्मनाम् ॥ ६

manasyanyat vacasyanyat karmanyanyat ddurātmanām | manasyekam vacasyekam karmanyekam mahātmanām | 6

Thinking, speech and actions are different of the wicked\* people. The thinking, speech and actions of noble and great souls are the same (in harmony).

मनस्यन्यत् manasyanyat = what is in the mind is different, वचस्यन्यत् vacasyanyat = speech is different, कर्मण्यन्यत् karmaṇyanyat = actions are different, दुरात्मनाम् durātmanām = of the wicked people, मनस्येकं manasyekam = with synchronised mind, वचस्येकं vacasyekam = with synchronised speech, कर्मण्येकं karmaṇyekam = with synchronised actions. महात्मनाम् mahātmanām = of the high souled noble people.

\* दुरात्मनाम् durātmanām = Of the wicked people thinking, speech and actions are different with evil intentions of deceiving others, except those innocent people who cannot properly coordinate their thinking, speech and actions due to lack of proper spiritual direction.