## **Lesson B # 15**

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# विधि-आशीर्वादः vidhi-āśīrvādaḥ Verbal forms request-blessings- imperative

गच्छ् gacch = to go

गच्छतु गच्छतात्	गच्छताम्	गच्छन्तु
gacchatu gacchatāt	gacchatām	gacchantu
गच्छ गच्छतात्	गच्छतम्	गच्छत
gaccha gacchatāt	gacchatam	gacchata
गच्छानि	गच्छाव	गच्छाम
gacchāni	gacchāva	gacchāma

पठ् path = to read

पठतु पठतात्	पठताम्	पठन्तु
paṭhatu paṭhatāt	paṭhatām	paṭhantu
पठ पठतात्	पठतम्	पठत
paṭha paṭhatāt	paṭhatam	paṭhata
पठानि	पठाव	पठाम
paṭhāni	paṭhāva	paṭhāma

### पाठय् pāṭhay = to make read, to teach

पाठयतु पाठयतात्	पाठयताम्	पाठयन्तु
pāṭhayatu pāṭhayatāt	pāṭhayatām	pāṭhayantu
पाठय पाठयतात्	पाठयतम्	पाठयत
pāṭhaya pāṭhayatāt	pāṭhayatam	pāṭhayata
पाठयानि	पाठयाव	पाठयाम
pāṭhayāni	pāṭhayāva	pāṭhayāma

#### कृ kṛ, कर् kar = to do

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करोतु कुरुतात्	कुरुताम्	कुवन्तु
11.11.00 30.11.11.1	3. 4.11.	3'' 3

karotu kurutāt kurutām kurvantu

कुरु कुरुतात् कुरुतम् कुरुत kuru kurutāt kurutam kuruta करवाणि करवाव करवाम

karavāṇi karavāva karavāma

अस् as = to be

अस्तु स्तात् स्ताम् सन्तु astu stāt stām santu एधि स्तात् स्तम् स्त edhi stāt stam sta असानि असाव असाम asāni asāma asāva

#### भव् bhav = to be.

ਮਰਨ	भवतात्	भवताम्	भवन्तु
ानधु	114/11/17	.14(11.7	114.8

bhavatu bhavatāt bhavatām bhavantu

भव भवतात् भवतम् भवत

bhava bhavatāt bhavatam bhavata भवानि भवाव भवाम

bhavāni bhavāwa bhavāma

## उदाहरणानि udāharaṇāni = Examples.

1. सः गच्छतु saḥ gacchatu = He may (let him) go. तो गच्छतम् tau gacchatam = They two may (let them) go. ते गच्छन्तु te gacchantu = They may (let them) go.

- 2. त्वं गच्छ tvam gaccha = You go, त्वं गच्छतात् tvam gacchatāt = You please go, युवां गच्छतम् yuvām gacchatam = You two may (let you two) go. यूयं गच्छत yūyam gacchata You may (let you) go.
- 3. अहं गच्छानि aham gacchāni = I may (let me) go. अवां गच्छाव avām gacchāva = We two may (let us two) go. वयं गच्छाम vayam gacchāma = We all may (let aa of us) go.
- 4. भवान् श्रुणोतु । bhavān śruṇotu। You please listen. You may listen.
- 5. भवती पठतु । bhavatī paṭhatu | You (f) please read. You (f) may read.
- 6. श्रीणिवासः विद्यालयं गच्छतु । śrīṇivāsaḥ vidyālayaṁ gacchatul Śrīṇivāsa may go to school. Let Śrīṇivāsa go to school.
- 7. लता अद्य सायं काले नृत्यतु । latā adya sāyam kāle nṛtyatu | Latā may dance this (today) evening. Let Latā dance this evening.
- 8. अस्माकम् अद्यक्षकः अद्य रात्रौ दूरदशने व्याख्यातु । asmākam adyakṣakaḥ adya rātrau dūradarśane vyākhyātu | Our president may lecture on the television tonight

अस्माकम् अद्यक्षकस्य व्याख्यानम् अद्य रात्रौ दूरदर्शने भवतु । asmākam adyakṣakasya vyākhyānam adya rātrau dūradarśane bhavatu | Our president's lecture might be on the television tonight

- 9. अस्तु astu = Let it be.
- IO. तथास्तु tathāstu = So be it.
- I1. भवत bhavatu = = May it be.
- 12. शुभमस्तु śubhamastu = May it be auspicious.
- 14. सुखी भव sukhī bhava = May (you) be happy (with joy).

#### प्रश्नाः praśnāḥ = Questions

- 1. Govinda may go to school tomorrow.
- **2.** I may go to the library to read the newspaper.
- **3.** Rama, please see this book.
- 4. On festival days please wear new clothes.
- 5. Some people may go to the temple on Sunday.
- **6.** Some students may read during the summer holidays.
- 7. I may see Rameshwaram temple this summer.
- **8.** My brother may do this work.
- **9.** You may sing a song now.
- **10.** He may not touch this machine.
- **11.** You may drive this car.

### धातवः - क्रियापदानि dhātavaḥ - kriyāpadāni = Verbal roots and verbal forms.

नृत्यू nṛty = to dance, व्याख्याति vyākhyāti = lectures, नृत्यतु nṛtyatu = may dance, व्याख्यातु vyākhyātu = may lecture, गाय् gāy = to sing, गायति gāyati = sings, गायतु gāyatu = may sing, स्पर्शति sparśati = touches, स्पर्शतु sparśatu = may touch, चालयति cālayati = drives, चालयतु cālayatu = may drive,

## शब्दसंग्रहः śabdasangrahan = Vocabulary.

विद्यालयः vidyālayaḥ = school, अस्माकम् asmākam = our, अद्यक्षकः adyakṣakaḥ = president, ग्रुमम् śubham = auspicious (ness), सुखः sukhaḥ = happiness with inner joy contentment, सुखी sukhī = one who is happy, joyous and contented, श्वः śvaḥ = tomorrow, ग्रन्थालयः granthālayaḥ = library, पत्रिका patrikā = newspaper, पर्व दिनम् parva dinam = festival day, नृतनवस्त्राणि nūtanavastrāṇi = new clothes, केचित् छात्राः kecit chātrāḥ = some students, ग्रीष्मकाल-विराम- समयः grīṣmakāla-virāma- samayaḥ = summer holidays, भ्राता bhrātā = brother, गानम् gānam = song, यन्त्र yantra = machine, चारयानम् cārayānam = car,